

In a serious attempt to downsize (reduce) the dole queue, The New National Green Labour Rhinoceros Party has decided on the following strategy. Every day all dole applicants will be placed in a large circle, facing inwards. Someone is arbitrarily chosen as number 1, and the rest are numbered counter-clockwise up to  $N$  (who will be standing on 1's left). Starting from 1 and moving counter-clockwise, one labour official counts off  $k$  applicants, while another official starts from  $N$  and moves clockwise, counting  $m$  applicants. The two who are chosen are then sent off for retraining; if both officials pick the same person she (he) is sent off to become a politician. Each official then starts counting again at the next available person and the process continues until no-one is left. Note that the two victims (sorry, trainees) leave the ring simultaneously, so it is possible for one official to count a person already selected by the other official.

## Input

Write a program that will successively read in (in that order) the three numbers ( $N$ ,  $k$  and  $m$ ;  $k, m > 0$ ,  $0 < N < 20$ ) and determine the order in which the applicants are sent off for retraining. Each set of three numbers will be on a separate line and the end of data will be signalled by three zeroes (0 0 0).

## Output

For each triplet, output a single line of numbers specifying the order in which people are chosen. Each number should be in a field of 3 characters. For pairs of numbers list the person chosen by the counter-clockwise official first. Separate successive pairs (or singletons) by commas (but there should not be a trailing comma).

**Note:** The symbol  $\sqcup$  in the Sample Output below represents a space.

## Sample Input

```
10 4 3
0 0 0
```

## Sample Output

```
\sqcup4\sqcup8,\sqcup9\sqcup5,\sqcup3\sqcup1,\sqcup2\sqcup6,\sqcup10,\sqcup7
```