

Mr. Furion is a math teacher. His students are very lazy and they do not like to do their homework. One day, Mr. Furion decides to give them a special problem in order to see whether his students are talents in math or they are just too lazy to do their homework. The problem is:

Given an integer  $k$ ,  $n$  integers  $m_1, m_2 \dots m_n$ , and a formula below:

$$X_1 \text{ xor } X_2 \text{ xor } X_3 \text{ xor } \dots \text{ xor } X_n = k$$

Please figure out that how many integral solutions of the formula can satisfy:

$$0 \leq X_i \leq m_i \quad (i = 1 \dots n)$$

## Input

There are at most 100 test cases.

The first line of each test case contains two integers  $n$  and  $k$ . The second line of each test contains  $n$  integers:  $m_1, m_2 \dots m_n$ . The meaning of  $n$ ,  $k$ ,  $m_1, m_2 \dots m_n$  are described above. ( $1 \leq n \leq 50$ ,  $0 \leq k, m_1, m_2 \dots m_n \leq 2^{31} - 1$ )

The input is ended by '0 0'

## Output

You should output a integer for each test case, which is the number of solutions. As the number might be very large, you should only output the number *modulo* 1000000003.

## Sample Input

```
11 2047
1024 512 256 128 64 32 16 8 4 2 1
10 2047
1024 512 256 128 64 32 16 8 4 2
0 0
```

## Sample Output

```
1
0
```